
clamm Documentation

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the classical music manager you never knew you needed, until now...

`clamm` is a python command line program for managing (and growing) a library of classical music.

- efficiently maps the tags of classical music audio files to sane structures.
- provides tools for working with raw audio streams of (you guessed it!) classical music
- generate playlists using iTunes-like combination logic.

CHAPTER 1

INSTALLATION

Most (if not all) of the software listed below can be installed using common package managers like brew, apt, pacman, yum, ...

`clamm` functionality is broken into two main categories, Managing and Adding.

The dependencies for organizing and building a library are

1. `ffmpeg` for audio stream conversion and other low-level audio utilities
2. `flac` for `metaflac` which enables tagging FLAC files

The dependencies for adding to a library require macOS first of all. Also,

1. `shairport-sync` for capturing raw PCM data from iTunes
2. `osascript` for controlling iTunes

Aren't there libraries that do this already?

There are already several good music library tools on the market. The best I am aware of is probably [beets](#). `beets` has great support for interfacing with the open-source tag database [musicbrainz](#) as well a host of library management functionality and a rich plugin ecosphere. Indeed, `clamm` aspires to be like `beets` when it grows up.

I tried `beets` and still have a use for it, but it didn't have the support for classical music tags I wanted. In fairness, `beets` relies heavily on `musicbrainz`, and `musicbrainz` reflects all other audio file tag schemas in skewing toward popular music.

CHAPTER 3

tagging scheme

The basic strategy is create a tag library consisting of representative entries for each tag entity. The library (or database) serves as the definitive representation of a COMPOSER/ARTIST. When new files are synchronized to the library, a matching entry is sought within the existing entries. If a match is found the tags of each audio file are updated to match the representation in the database. If a match can't be found, the entity is added to the database.

An audio file can be characterized by a number of tag fields

Composer

A COMPOSER composes a piece of music. Classical music generally differs from most genres of popular music in that the performer (ARTIST) is not the same person(s) as the COMPOSER. Example entry:

```
"Isaac Albéniz": {
  "nationality": "Spanish",
  "period": "Classical/Spanish Folk",
  "full_name": "Isaac Albéniz",
  "abbreviated": "Albéniz",
  "sort": "Albéniz, Isaac",
  "borndied": "1860-1909",
  "permutations": [
    "Albéniz, Isaac",
    "Isaac Albéniz",
    "Albeniz, arr. Christopher Parkening",
    "Albéniz",
    "Albéniz, Isaac (1860-1909)"
  ]
}
```

Field summary

A few of the notable fields, along with their tag file mappings, are

full_name ==> COMPOSER

The name to display

nationality ==> COMPOSER_NATIONALITY

Where the composer was born and/or lived during their active years.

period ==> COMPOSER_PERIOD

A description of the primary sub-genre associated with the composer.

***borndied* ==> COMPOSER_DATES**

The vital dates of the composer's life.

Artist

ARTIST performs the music of the audio file and generally presents more of a challenge than does the COMPOSERs.

Often a piece will list multiple performers. For example:

CHAPTER 4

audiolib module

The streams module provides two programs for working with raw audio streams.

. The second processes a stream into an album.

listing2streams

The first use case automates generating raw pcm files from iTunes using a listing of album/artist pairs in json format. Example:

```
"A2": {  
  "artist": "Richard Egarr, Academy of Ancient Music & Andrew Manze",  
  "album": "Bach: Harpsichord Concertos - Triple Concerto"  
}
```

See also `batch_album_listing` under the `templates` directory.

CHAPTER 6

notes

By *classical*, I mean any piece of music characterized by having an associated

- composer
- performer (artist)
- arrangement

Which, for my library, includes traditional classical composers, like [J.S. Bach](#) and [Beethoven](#), as well as newer, harder to categorize composers, like [Max Richter](#) and [Steve Reich](#).

CHAPTER 7

Indices and tables

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`